

ECE 3050 Analog Electronics Quiz 10

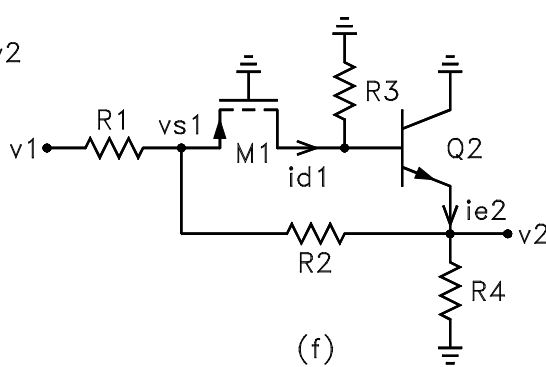
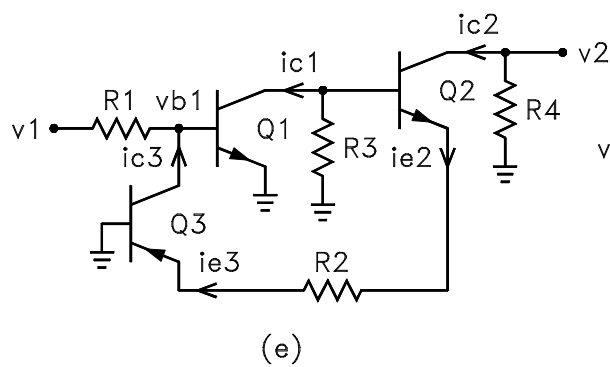
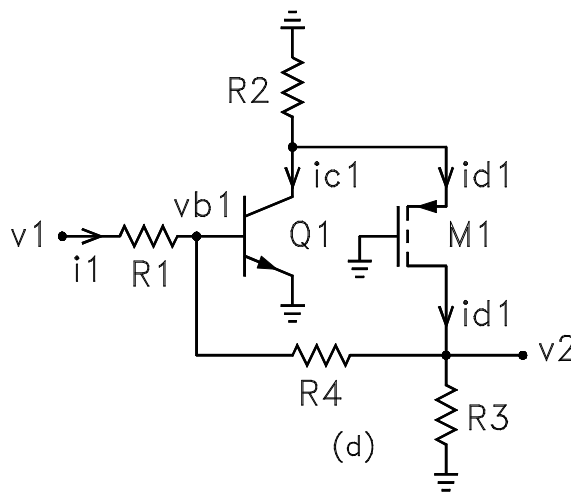
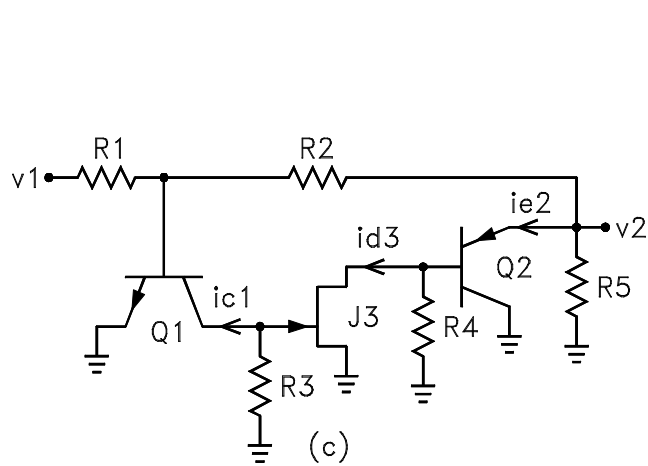
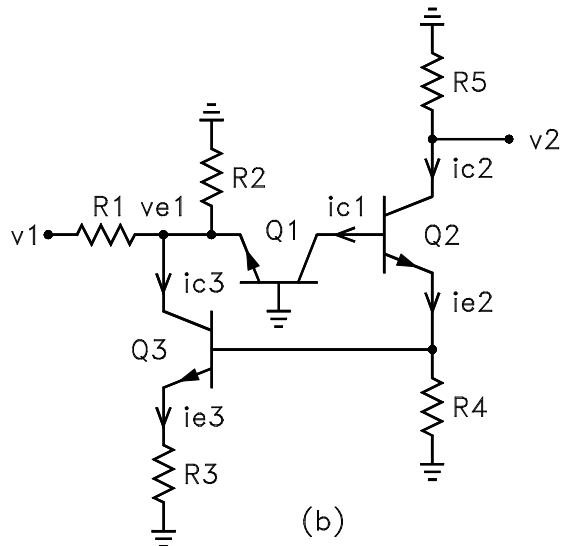
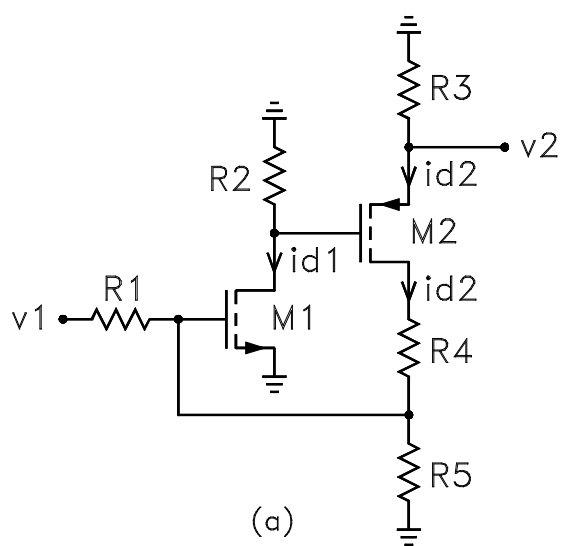
July 28, 2010

Professor Leach

Name _____

Instructions. No calculators allowed on this quiz. Print your name in the space above. **Honor Code:** *I have neither given nor received help on this quiz.* Initials _____

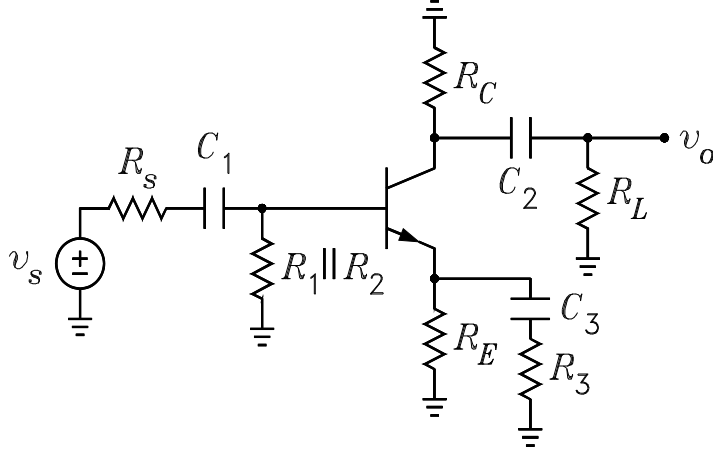
1. For the following four feedback amplifiers, signal trace the circuits and identify whether the feedback is negative or positive. (a) positive, (b) negative, (c) positive, (d) negative, (e) negative, (f) positive



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2. The figure shows the signal circuit of a CE amplifier. Given: $R_s = 1.2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_1 = 51 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_2 = 62 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_C = 6.8 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_L = 12 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_E = 3.3 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_3 = 330 \Omega$, $C_1 = 0.22 \mu\text{F}$, $C_2 = 1.2 \mu\text{F}$, $C_3 = 330 \mu\text{F}$, $r_\pi = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $\beta = 99$, $r_0 = \infty$, $r_{ib} = r_\pi + (1 + \beta) R_{te}$, and $r_{ie} = (R_{tb} + r_\pi) / (1 + \beta)$.

- Solve for the worst case high-pass pole frequency for C_1 .
- Solve for the worst case high-pass pole frequency for C_2 .
- Solve for the worst case high-pass shelving pole and zero frequencies for C_3 .
- Solve for the worst case lower cutoff frequency f_L of the circuit.



$$r_{ib} = r_\pi + (1 + \beta) R_E \parallel R_3 = 32.2 \text{ k}\Omega \quad f_1 = \frac{1}{2\pi (R_s + R_1 \parallel R_2 \parallel r_{ib}) C_1} = 44.7 \text{ Hz}$$

$$f_2 = \frac{1}{2\pi (R_C + R_L) C_2} = 7.06 \text{ Hz} \quad r_{ie} = \frac{R_s \parallel R_1 \parallel R_2 + r_\pi}{1 + \beta} = 33.5 \Omega$$

$$f_{3p} = \frac{1}{2\pi (r_{ie} \parallel R_E + R_3) C_3} = 1.33 \text{ Hz} \quad f_{3z} = \frac{1}{2\pi (R_E + R_3) C_3} = 133 \text{ mHz}$$

$$f_L = \sqrt{f_1^2 + f_2^2 + f_{3p}^2 - 2f_{3z}^2} = 45.3 \text{ Hz}$$