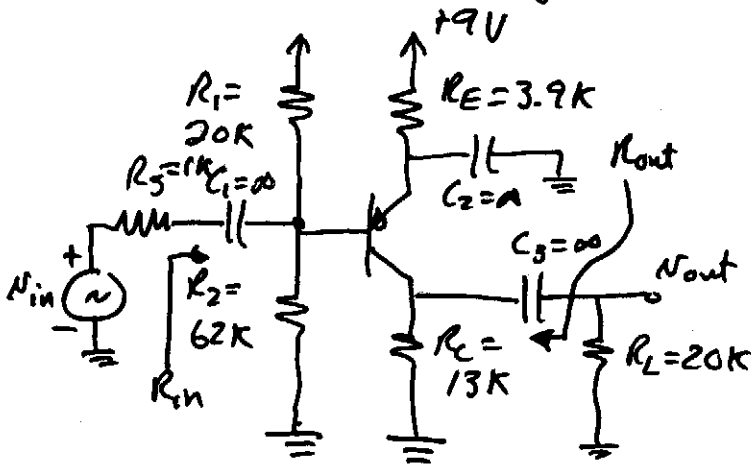


PNP, CE Inverting Amplifier



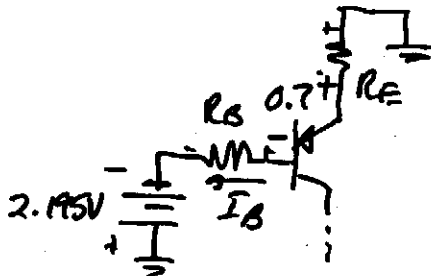
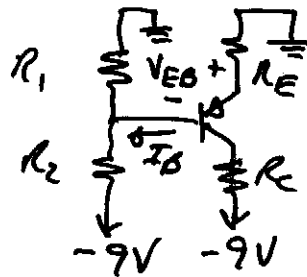
If  $\beta_F = \beta_0 = 135$  and  $V_A = 100V$   
 find the small signal  
 $\frac{N_{out}}{N_{in}}$ ,  $R_{in}$ , and  $R_{out}$ .

1.) Q-point Assume  $V_{EB} = 0.7V$

$$V_{BB} = V_{TH} = -9V \left( \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2} \right) = \frac{-9 \cdot 20}{82}$$

$$V_{BB} = -2.195V$$

$$R_B = R_{TH} = R_1 || R_2 = 20K || 62K = 15.12K\Omega$$



$$I_B = \frac{2.195 - 0.7}{R_B + (1 + \beta_F) R_E} = \frac{1.495}{15.12K + (136) 3.9K}$$

$$I_B = 2.75\mu A \rightarrow I_C = 0.37mA$$

$$V_{EC} = 9 - I_C R_C - I_E R_E$$

$$I_E = 0.373mA$$

$$2.195V = I_B R_B + 0.7 + I_B (1 + \beta) R_E$$

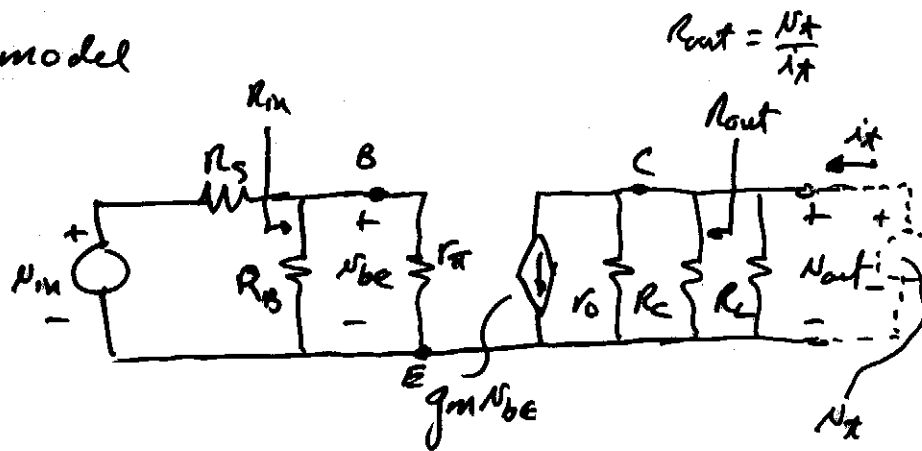
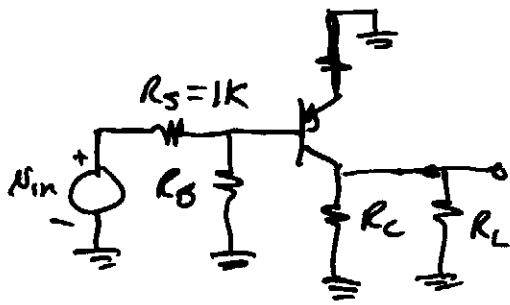
$$-1.454$$

$$V_{EC} = 9 - 4.81mA = 2.736V$$

2)  $g_m = \frac{I_C}{V_T} = \frac{0.37mA}{25mV} = 14.8mS$       $r_\pi = \frac{\beta_F}{g_m} = \frac{136}{14.8}K = 9.12K$

$$r_o = \frac{V_A + V_{EC}}{I_C} = \frac{100 + 2.736}{370\mu A} = 278k\Omega$$

3.) Small signal model

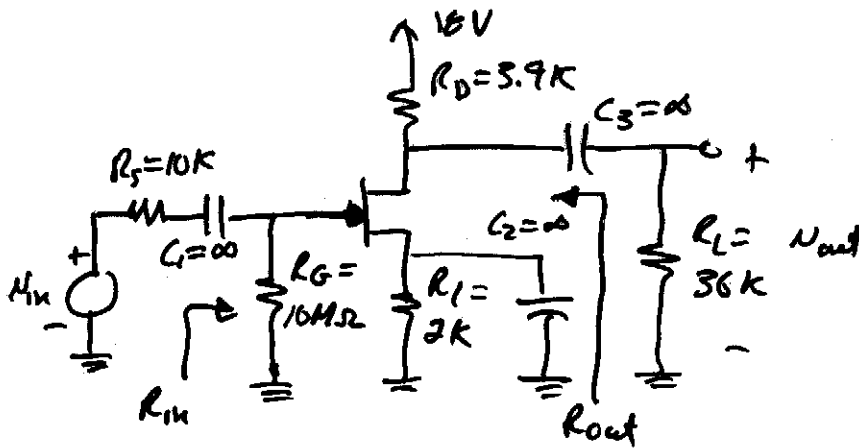


$$R_{in} = R_B || r_{\pi} = \underline{5.689 k\Omega}$$

$$R_{out} = r_o || R_C || R_L = \underline{12.42 k\Omega}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{N_{out}}{N_{in}} &= \left(\frac{N_{out}}{N_{be}}\right) \left(\frac{N_{be}}{N_{in}}\right) = (-g_m R_{out}) \left(\frac{R_{in}}{R_S + R_{in}}\right) \\ &= (-0.0148)(12.42 k\Omega) \left(\frac{5.689 k\Omega}{6.689 k\Omega}\right) = \underline{-96.44 V/V} \end{aligned}$$

JFET CS Inverting Amp



$$I_{DSS} = 5 \text{ mA}, V_p = -5 \text{ V}$$

Find  $R_{in}$ ,  $R_{out}$ , &  $\frac{N_{out}}{N_{in}}$

$$I_D = 1.25 \text{ mA}$$

$$V_{DS} = 10.6 \text{ V}$$

$$g_m = 1.1 \text{ mS} \quad r_o = 48.5 \text{ K}$$

$$R_{in} = R_G = 10 \text{ M}\Omega, \quad R_{out} = 3.61 \text{ K}\Omega$$

$$\frac{N_{out}}{N_{in}} = -3.605 \frac{V}{V}$$