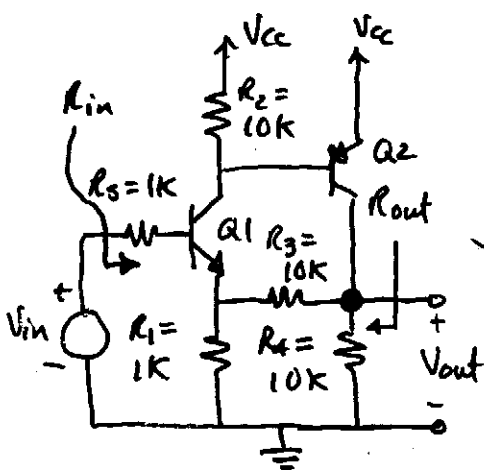
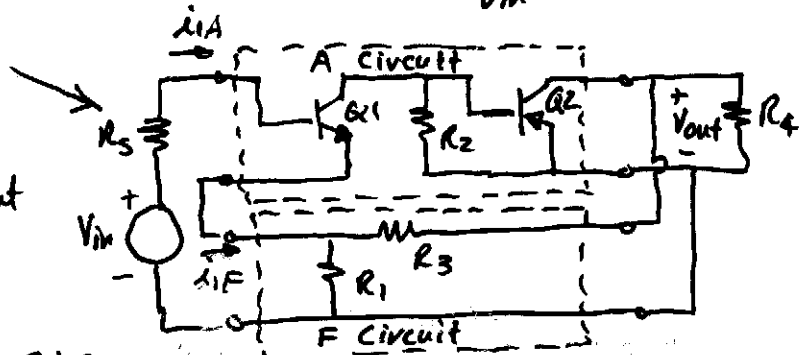


Series-Shunt Example



If $Q1=Q2$, $h_{fe}=100$, $r_{\pi}=10K$ and $r_o=\infty$, use feedback analysis methods to find $\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}}$, R_{in} & R_{out} .

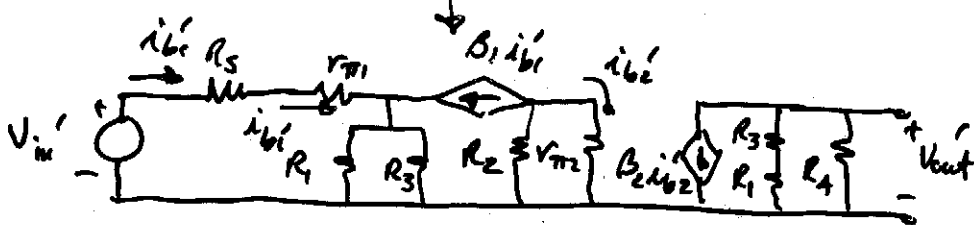
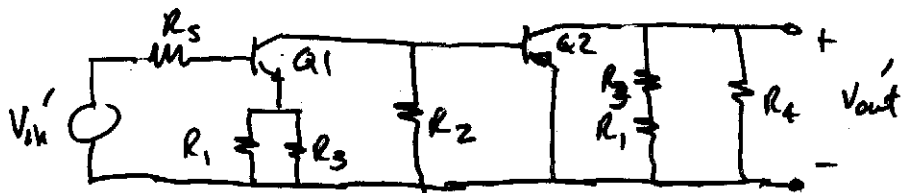


1.)
$$h_{11F} = \frac{N_{1F}}{i_{1F}} \Big|_{N_{2F}=N_{0F}=0} = R_1 || R_3 = 0.91K$$

2.)
$$h_{22F} = \frac{i_{2F}}{N_{2F}} \Big|_{i_{1F}=i_{1F}=0} = \frac{1}{R_1 + R_2} = \frac{1}{11K}$$

3.)
$$h_{12F} = \frac{N_{1F}}{N_{2F}} \Big|_{i_{1F}=0} = \frac{1}{11} = \beta$$

4.) A circuit:



$$A = \frac{V_{out}'}{V_{in}'} = \left(\frac{V_{out}'}{i_{b2}'} \right) \left(\frac{i_{b2}'}{i_{b1}'} \right) \left(\frac{i_{b1}'}{V_{in}'} \right) =$$

$$= \left[-\beta_2 R_4 || (R_1 + R_3) \right] \left(\frac{-\beta_1 R_2}{r_{\pi 2} + R_2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{R_5 + r_{\pi 1} + (1 + \beta_1)(R_1 || R_3)} \right)$$

$$= [-100(5.24K)] \left(\frac{-100 \cdot 10K}{20K} \right) \left(\frac{1}{102.8K} \right) = +255 \frac{V}{V}$$

5.)
$$A_F = \frac{N_{out}}{N_{in}} = \frac{A}{1 + AB} = \frac{255}{1 + 255 \left(\frac{1}{11} \right)} = \frac{255}{1 + 23.17} = \frac{255}{24.17} = 10.54 \frac{V}{V} \approx \frac{1}{h_{11F}} = 11$$

$$6.) R_S + h_{i1T} = R_S + [r_{\pi 1} + (1 + \beta_1) R_1 || R_3] = 1k + 102.8k = 102.8k$$

$$R_{in} = R_{MF} = (R_S + h_{i1T})(1 + \beta_1) = 102.8k(24.17) = \underline{\underline{2.485M\Omega}}$$

$$7.) h_{22T} + G_L = \frac{1}{R_1 + R_3} + \frac{1}{R_4} + \frac{1}{r_o} = \frac{1}{11k} + \frac{1}{10k} + \frac{1}{\infty} = \frac{1}{5.23k}$$

$$R_{out} = \frac{1}{(h_{22T} + G_L)(1 + \beta_1)} = \frac{5.23k}{1 + \beta_1} = \frac{5.23k}{24.17} = \underline{\underline{216\Omega}}$$

Moving on to the other 3 topologies -

Let $x = h, g, y$ or z

1.) Find x_{11F}

2.) Find x_{22F}

3.) Find $x_{12F} = 0$

4.) Find A incorporating x_{11F} and x_{22F} for loading and using the correct variables which are the x_{21} variables

5.) $A_F = \frac{A}{1 + \beta_1}$

6.) $R_{inF} = \begin{cases} (R_S + x_{11F})(1 + \beta_1) & \text{if the input is series} \\ \frac{1}{(G_S + x_{11F})(1 + \beta_1)} & \text{if the input is shunt} \end{cases}$

7.) $R_{outF} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{(G_L + x_{22F})(1 + \beta_1)} & \text{if the output is shunt} \\ (R_L + x_{22F})(1 + \beta_1) & \text{if the output is series} \end{cases}$

	Series-Shunt	Shunt-Shunt	Series-Shunt	Series-Series
Two-Port Parameters	$\begin{aligned} v_1 &= h_{11}i_1 + h_{21}v_2 \\ i_2 &= h_{12}i_1 + h_{22}v_2 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} i_1 &= g_{11}v_1 + g_{21}v_2 \\ i_2 &= g_{12}v_1 + g_{22}v_2 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} i_1 &= g_{11}v_1 + g_{12}i_2 \\ v_2 &= g_{12}v_1 + g_{22}i_2 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} v_1 &= z_{11}i_1 + z_{21}i_2 \\ v_2 &= z_{12}i_1 + z_{22}i_2 \end{aligned}$
Type of Amplifier	Voltage	Transresistance	Current	Transconductance