ECE4435 Design Project 3 Fall 2004 A Cascaded Chebyshev High-Pass Filter and Elliptic Low-Pass Filter

Input signals to broadcast transmitter are normally filtered to prevent out-of-band signal components from producing undesired distortion in the transmitter modulator stage. The object of this design project is to design a band-pass filter that will pass audio signals in the band from 50 Hz to 10 kHz. On the low-frequency end, the filter is to exhibit the response of a 3rd-order Chebyshev filter with a $-3 \, dB$ cutoff frequency of 50 Hz. On the high-frequency end, the filter is to exhibit the response of a 3rd-order or higher elliptic filter with a $-3 \, dB$ cutoff frequency of 10 kHz.

Circuit Specifications

- 1. The circuit input and output are to be dc coupled. The input resistance is to be $10 \text{ k}\Omega$. The dc offset at the output is to be less than 10 mV.
- 2. The low-frequency response of the circuit is to exhibit the transfer function of a 3rd-order Chebyshev high-pass filter. The lower $-3 \, dB$ cutoff frequency is to be $50 \, \text{Hz}$. The dB ripple in the filter response is to be $0.75u \, dB$.
- 3. The high-frequency response of the circuit is to exhibit the transfer function of a 3rd-order, or higher, elliptic low-pass filter. The upper $-3 \,\mathrm{dB}$ cutoff frequency is to be 10 kHz. The minimum attenuation at 15 kHz is to be 30 dB. The dB ripple in the filter response is to be $0.5 \,\mathrm{dB}$.
- 4. The output stage of the circuit is to have an output impedance of $1 k\Omega$.