

# Transparent Solar Cells

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# Agenda

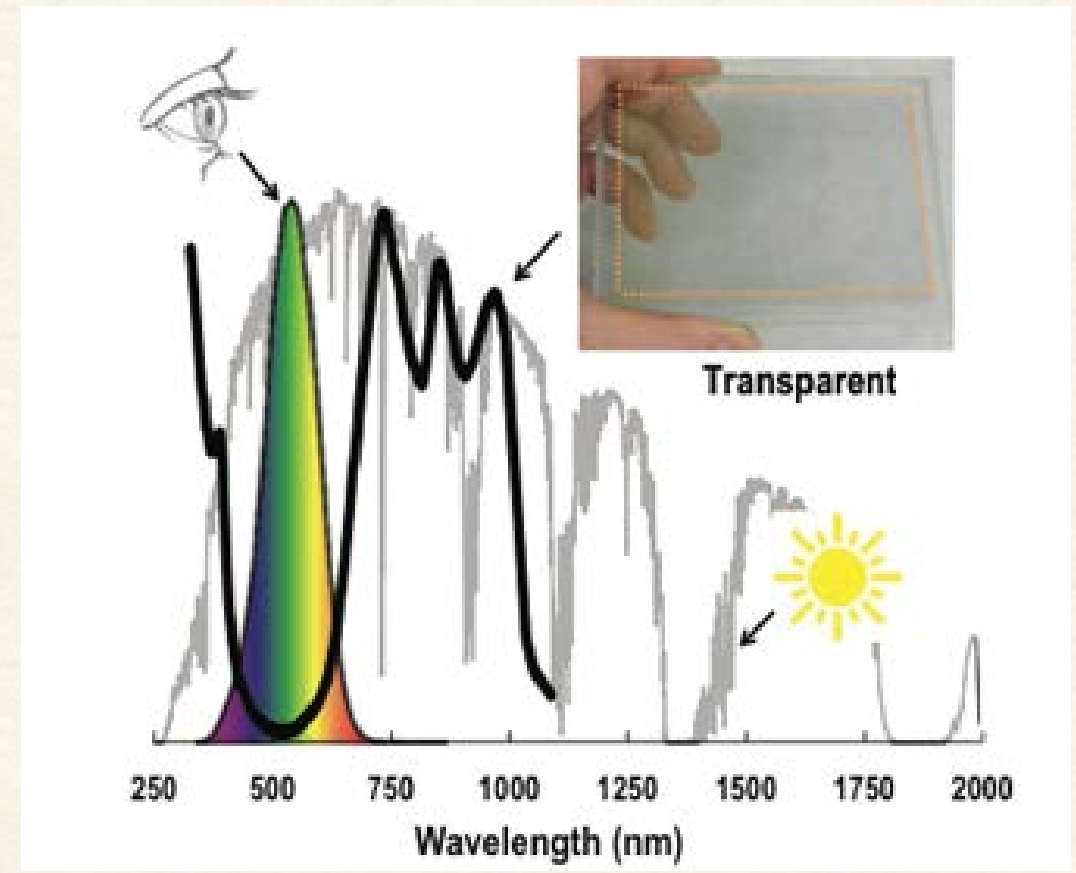
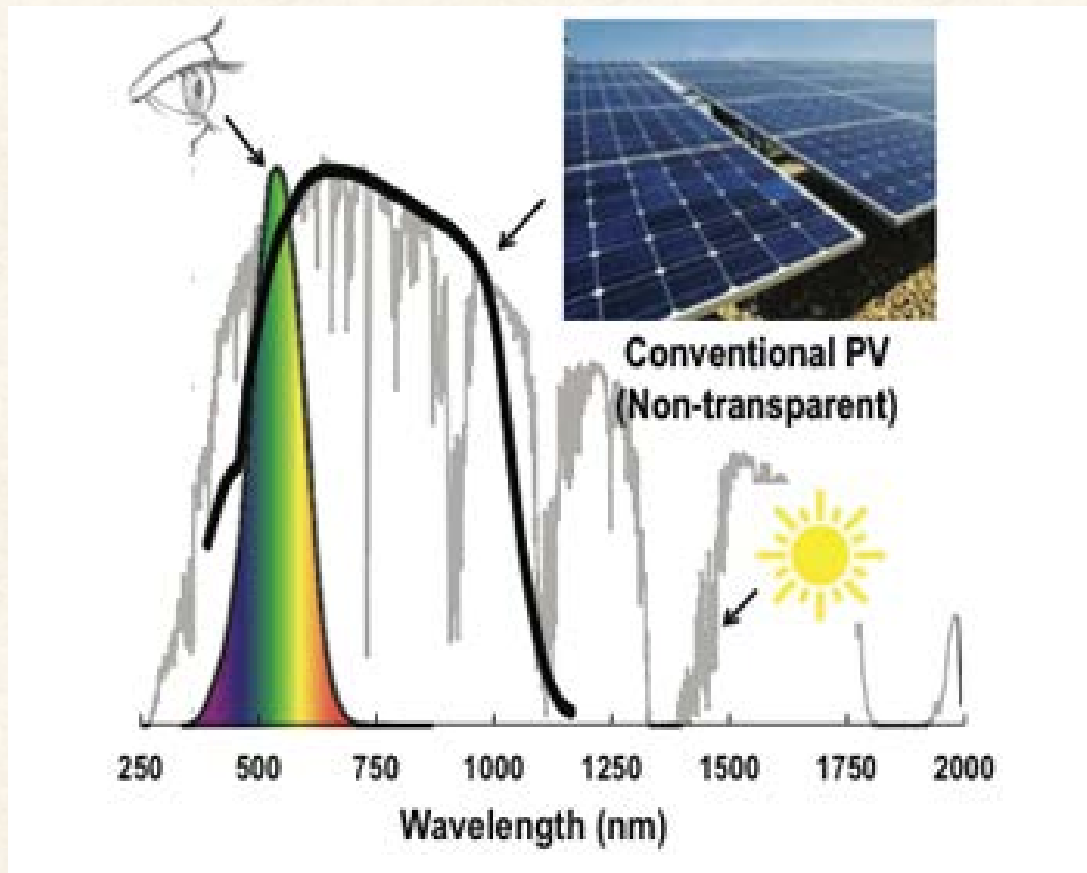
- Introduction
- Design of Transparent Solar Cells (TSC)
- Applications
- Summary

# Introduction

- Transparent Solar Cells
- Skyscraper's windows
- Any surfaces
- New technology

# Transparent Solar Cells

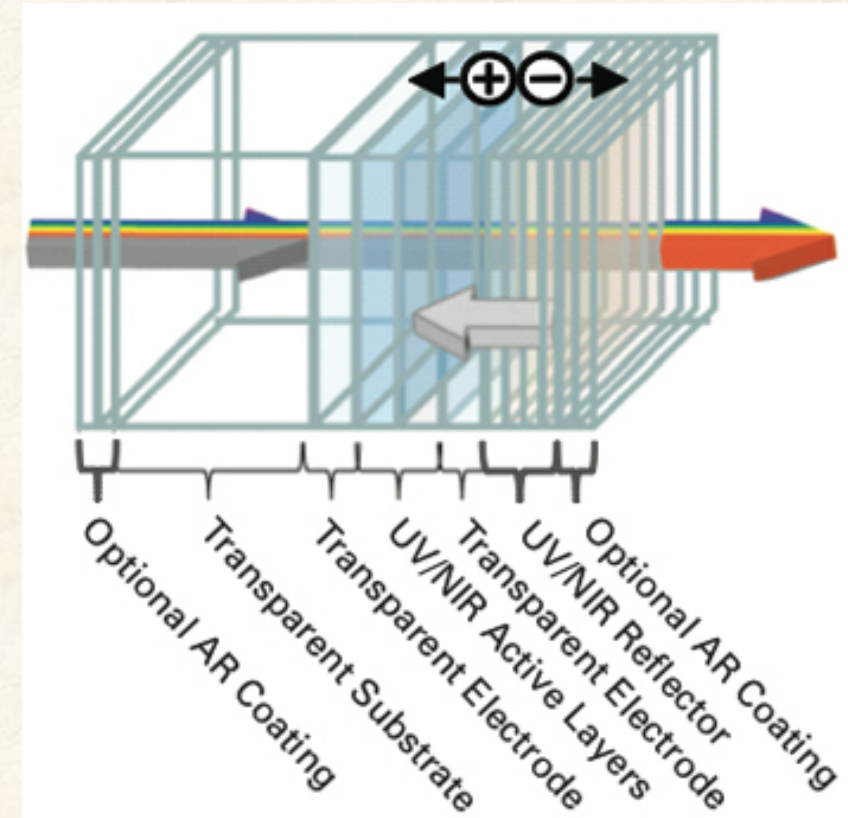
## Solar Spectrum



# Transparent Solar Cells (Organic) Design

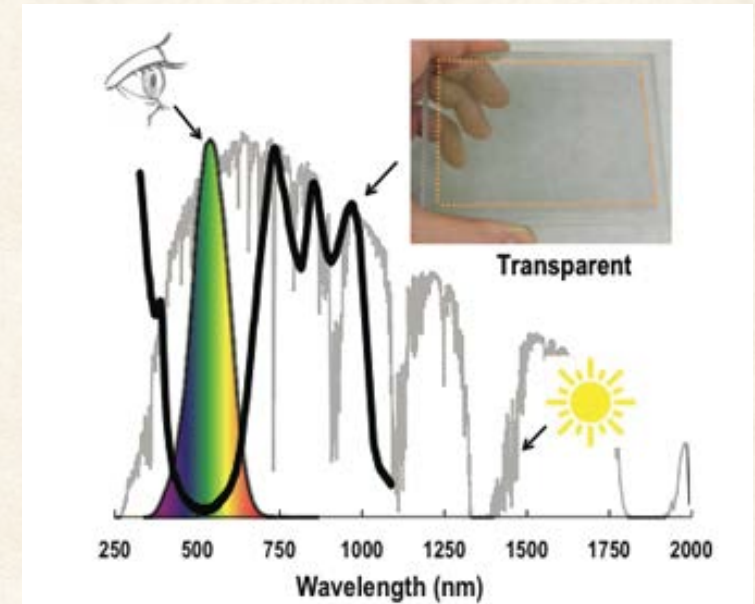
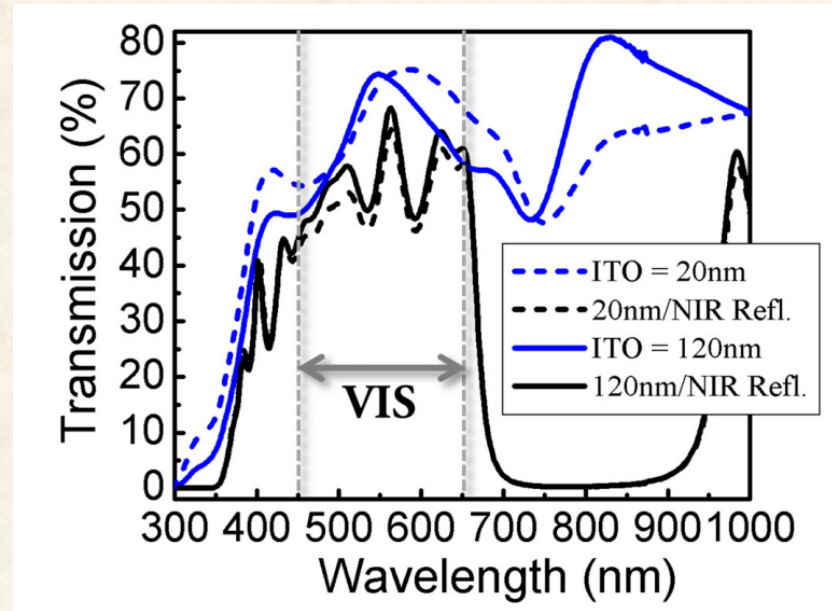
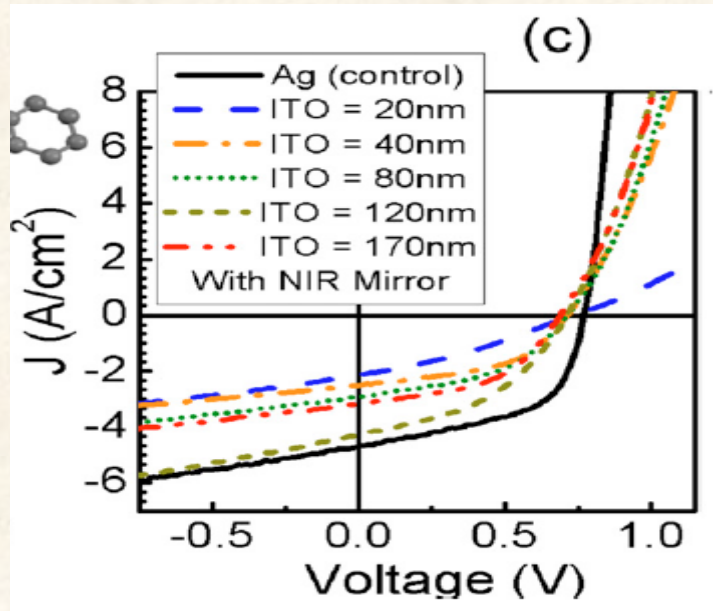
- Glass substrates coated with indium-tin oxide (ITO) transparent anode, chloroaluminum phthalocynine (ClAlPc), a molecular acceptor,  $C_{60}$ , bathocuproine (BCP), molybdenum trioxide ( $MoO_3$ ), and ITO cathode
- Distributed Bragg reflector (DBR) as a transparent near-infrared anti-reflection coating

$$E = \frac{hc}{\lambda}$$



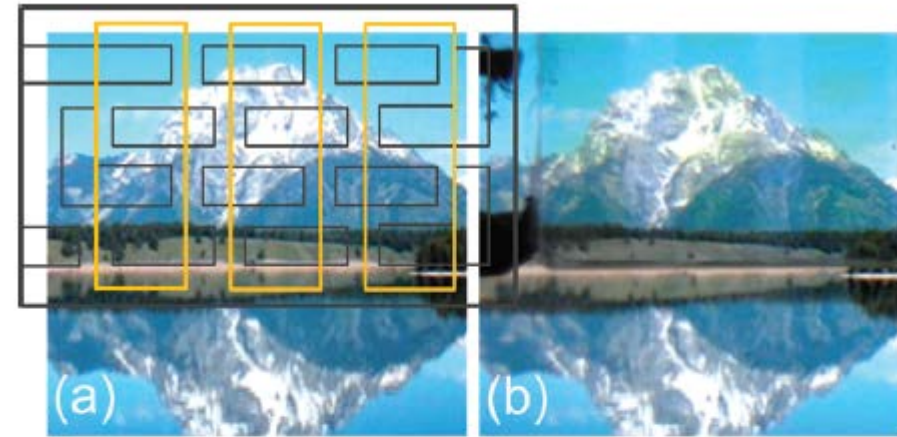
# Transparent Solar Cells

## Design Continued



# Real World Application

- Windows
- Portable electronic devices
- Any surfaces



# Summary

- High Transparency
- Low power conversion efficiency
- Needs improvement

# Questions?

# References

- Lunt, Richard R., and Vladimir Bulovic. "Transparent, Nearinfrared Organic Photovoltaic Solar Cells for Window and Energy-scavenging Applications." *Applied Physics Letters* 98.11(2011): 113305. © 2011 American Institute of Physics
- N. W. Stauffer, "Transparent Solar Cells" [Online] Available: <http://mitei.mit.edu/news/transparent-solar-cells>
- S. Toyoshima, "Electronic structure of bathocuproine on metal studied by ultraviolet photoemission spectroscopy" Available: [http://pfwww.kek.jp/acr2005pdf/part\\_b/pf05b070.pdf](http://pfwww.kek.jp/acr2005pdf/part_b/pf05b070.pdf)
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