

$$1. \quad a) \quad \dot{y} + 4y = 3x$$

$$(s+4) Y(s) = 3X(s)$$

$$H(s) = \frac{3}{s+4}$$

$$b) \quad \ddot{y} + 4\dot{y} + 20y = 2\dot{x} - x$$

$$(s^2 + 4s + 20) Y(s) = (2s - 1) X(s)$$

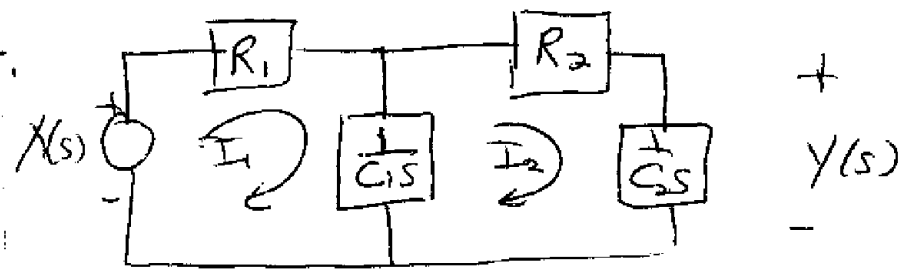
$$H(s) = \frac{2s-1}{s^2+4s+20}$$

$$c) \quad \ddot{\ddot{y}} - 3\ddot{y} + 4\dot{y} + 8y = 4\ddot{x} - 2\dot{x} + x$$

$$(s^3 - 3s^2 + 4s + 8) Y(s) = (4s^2 - 2s + 1) X(s)$$

$$H(s) = \frac{4s^2 - 2s + 1}{s^3 - 3s^2 + 4s + 8}$$

2.



1) $X(s) = I_1 R_1 + (I_1 - I_2) \frac{1}{C_1 s}$ using Mesh analysis

2) $0 = R_2 I_2 + \frac{1}{C_2 s} I_2 + (I_2 - I_1) \frac{1}{C_1 s}$

$$0 = \left(R_2 + \frac{1}{C_2 s} + \frac{1}{C_1 s} \right) I_2 - I_1 \frac{1}{C_1 s}$$

$$\Rightarrow I_1 = C_1 s \left(R_2 + \frac{1}{C_2 s} + \frac{1}{C_1 s} \right) I_2$$

into 1): $X(s) = \left[\left(R_1 + \frac{1}{C_1 s} \right) C_1 s \left(R_2 + \frac{1}{C_2 s} + \frac{1}{C_1 s} \right) - \frac{1}{C_1 s} \right] I_2$

$$\Rightarrow Y(s) = \frac{1}{C_2 s} I_2 = \frac{1}{C_2 s} \frac{X(s)}{\left(R_1 C_1 s + 1 \right) \left(R_2 C_1 C_2 s + C_1 + C_2 \right) - \frac{1}{C_1 s}}$$

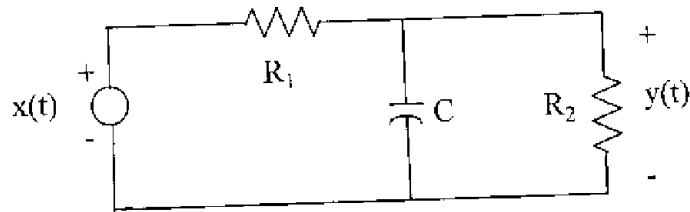
$$H(s) = \frac{1}{\left(R_1 C_1 s + 1 \right) \frac{\left(R_2 C_1 C_2 s + C_1 + C_2 \right)}{C_1} - \frac{C_2}{C_1}}$$

$$= \frac{C_1}{\left(R_1 C_1 s + 1 \right) \left(R_2 C_1 C_2 s + C_1 + C_2 \right) - C_2}$$

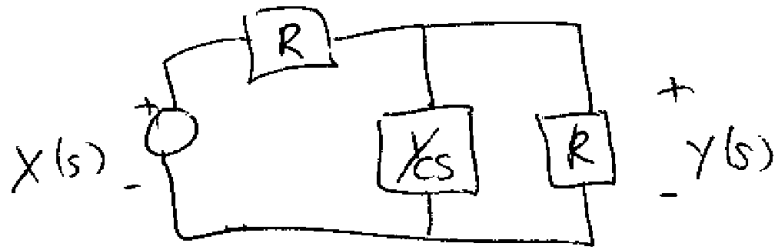
If $C_1 = C_2 = 100 \mu f$ + $R_1 = R_2 = 2000 \Omega$

$$H(s) = \frac{0.0001}{(2s+1)(0.00002s + .0002) - .0001}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{25}{s^2 + 15s + 50}$$



3



$$R \parallel \frac{1}{s} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R} + s} = \frac{R}{1 + RCs}$$

$$Y(s) = X(s) \frac{\frac{R}{1 + RCs}}{R + \frac{R}{1 + RCs}}$$

by voltage divider law

$$H(s) = \frac{R}{R + R^2 s + R}$$

$$= \frac{1000}{2000 + 100s} = \frac{10}{s + 20}$$

$$4 \quad \ddot{y} + 8\dot{y} + 116y = 116x$$

$$a) (s^2 + 8s + 116)Y(s) = 116X(s)$$

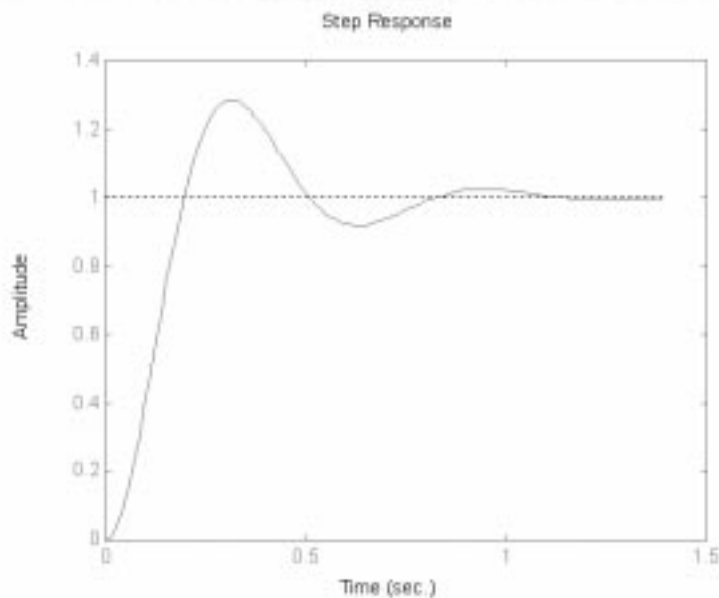
$$H(s) = \frac{116}{s^2 + 8s + 116}$$

b) zeros: none
poles: $-4 \pm 10j$

$$c) Y(s) = H(s)X(s) = \frac{116}{((s+4)^2 + 10^2)} s$$

$$y(t) = c_1 + c_2 e^{-4t} \cos(10t + \theta), \quad t \geq 0$$

num = 116;
den = [8 116];
step(num, den)
title('your name')



5. $\ddot{y} + 8\dot{y} + 12y = 12x$

a) $(s^2 + 8s + 12) Y(s) = 12 X(s)$

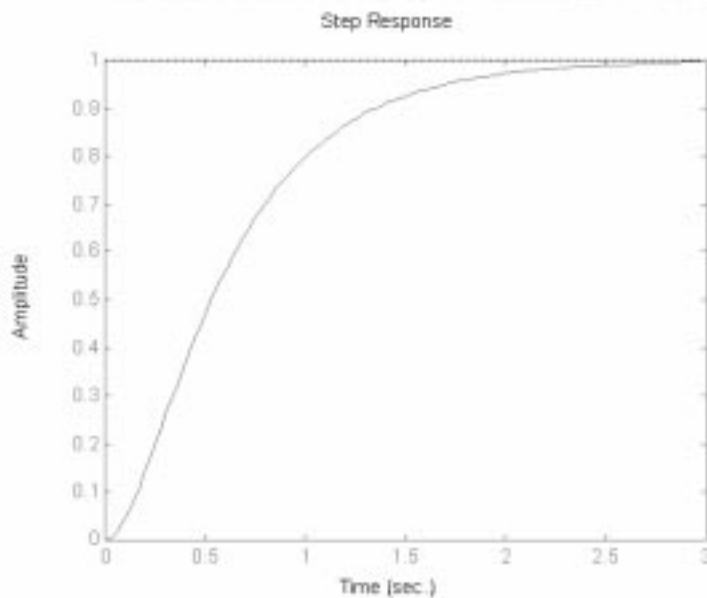
$$H(s) = \frac{12}{s^2 + 8s + 12}$$

b) zeros: none
poles: $-6, -2$

c) $Y(s) = H(s) X(s) = \frac{12}{s(s^2 + 8s + 12)}$

$$y(t) = c_1 + c_2 e^{-6t} + c_3 e^{-2t}, \quad t \geq 0$$

d) the system in Problem 4) has complex poles, which gives rise to oscillations in the response, while real poles do not

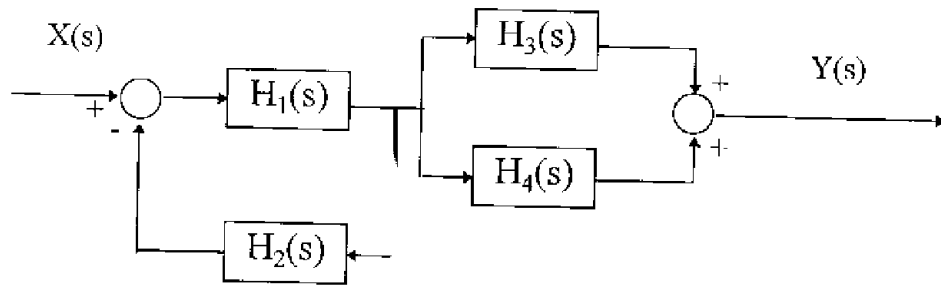


$$H(s) = H_3(s) \frac{H_1(s) + H_2(s)}{1 + (H_1(s) + H_2(s))H_4(s)}$$

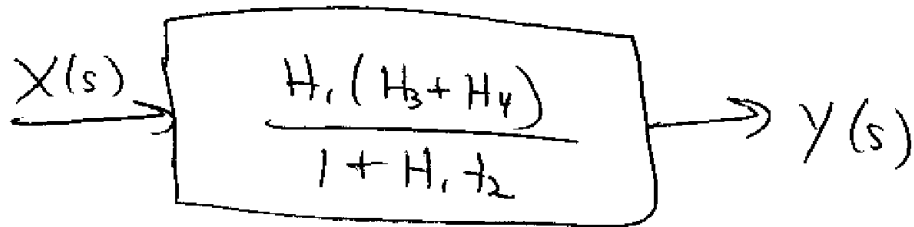
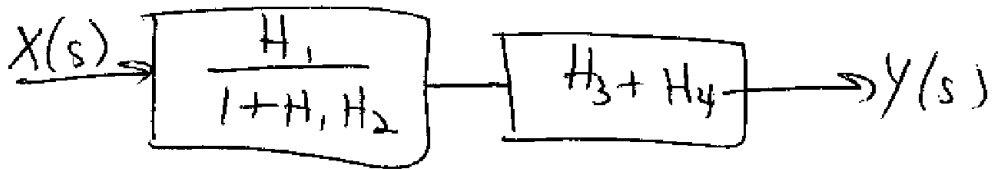
$$= \frac{0.1}{s+20} \left[\frac{2 + 19/s}{1 + (2 + 19/s) \cdot 2/s+4} \right]$$

$$= \frac{0.1}{s+20} \frac{2s(s+4) + 10(s+4)}{s(s+4) + 4s + 20}$$

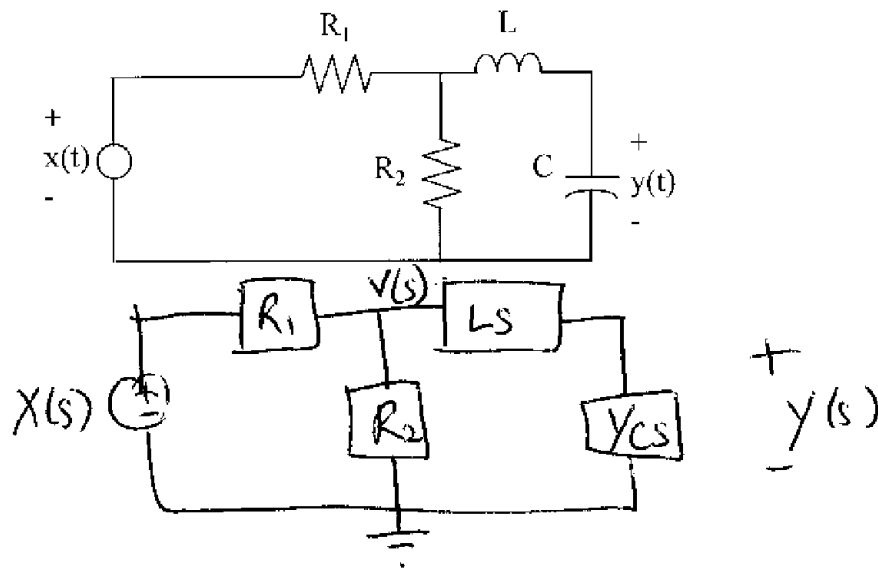
$$= \frac{0.2 (s+5)(s+4)}{(s+20)(s^2 + 8s + 20)}$$



7.



8



node analysis:

$$(1) \quad \frac{V(s) - X(s)}{R_1} + \frac{V(s)}{R_2} + \frac{V(s)}{LS + YCS} = 0$$

$$V(s) \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{CS}{CLS^2 + 1} \right) = \frac{1}{R_1} X(s)$$

$$V(s) = \frac{1}{R_1} \left(\frac{R_1 R_2 (CLS^2 + 1)}{CR_1 LS + R_1 + CR_2 LS^2 + R_2 + CR_1 R_2 S} \right) X(s)$$

$$(2) \quad \frac{Y(s) - V(s)}{LS} + \frac{Y(s)}{YCS} = 0$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{1}{LS} \left(\frac{LS}{CLS^2 + 1} \right) V(s) = \frac{R_2}{CR_1 L S^2 + CR_2 LS^2 + CR_1 R_2 S + R_1 + R_2} X(s)$$

$$H(s) = \frac{R_2}{S^2 CL(R_1 + R_2) + SCR_1 R_2 + R_1 + R_2}$$

$$\text{poles: } S^2 + 5400S + 4000 = 0$$

$$\text{poles at } -99989, -10$$