## Homework Assignment No. 12

Due Friday, April 11, 2003 in class
Problem 1-(10 points)
Problem 7.3-7 of Allen and Holberg, $2^{\text {nd }}$ edition
Problem 2-(10 points)
Calculate the small-signal voltage gain, the $S R\left(C_{L}=1 \mathrm{pF}\right)$, and the $P_{\text {diss }}$ for the op amp shown where $I_{5}=100 \mathrm{nA}$ and all transistors M1-M11 have a $W / L$ of $10 \mu \mathrm{~m} / 1 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ and $V_{D D}$ $=-V_{S S}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}$. If the minimum voltage across the drain-source of M6 and M7 are to be 0.1 V , design the $W / L$ ratios of M12-M15 that give the maximum plus and minus output voltage swing assuming that transistors M12 and M15 have a current of 50nA. The transistors are working in weak inversion and are modeled by the large signal model of

$$
i_{D}=\frac{W}{L} I_{D O} \exp \left(\frac{v_{G S}}{n V_{t}}\right)
$$

where $I_{D O}=2 \mathrm{nA}$ for PMOS and NMOS and $n_{P}=2.5$ and $n_{N}=1.5$. Assume $V_{t}=26 \mathrm{mV}$ and $\lambda_{N}=0.4 \mathrm{~V}^{-1}$ and $\lambda_{P}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}^{-1}$.


Problem 3-(10 points)
Problem 7.4-3 of Allen and Holberg, $2^{\text {nd }}$ edition
Problem 4-(10 points)
Problem 7.5-5 of Allen and Holberg, $2^{\text {nd }}$ edition

## Problem 5-(10 points)

A CMOS op amp capable of operating from 1.5 V power supply is shown. All device lengths are $1 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ and are to operate in the saturation region. Design all of the W values of every transistor of this op amp to meet the following specifications.

| Slew rate $= \pm 10 \mathrm{~V} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {out }}(\max )=1.25 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {out }}(\min )=0.75 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{ic}}(\min )=1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {ic }}(\max )=2 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{~GB}=10 \mathrm{MHz}$ | | Phase margin $=60^{\circ}$ when the output pole $=2 \mathrm{~GB}$ and the RHP zero $=10 \mathrm{~GB}$. |
| :--- |
| Keep the mirror pole $\geq 10 \mathrm{~GB}\left(\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{ox}}=0.5 \mathrm{fF} / \mu \mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$. |



Your design should meet or exceed these specifications. Ignore bulk effects in this problem and summarize your W values to the nearest micron, the value of $C_{c}(\mathrm{pF})$, and $I(\mu \mathrm{~A})$ in the following table. Use the following model parameters: $K_{N}{ }^{\prime}=24 \mu \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{V}^{2}, K_{P}{ }^{\prime}=$ $8 \mu \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{V}^{2}, V_{T N}=-V_{T P}=0.75 \mathrm{~V}, \lambda_{N}=0.01 \mathrm{~V}^{-1}$ and $\lambda_{P}=0.02 \mathrm{~V}^{-1}$.

| $C_{c}$ | $I$ | $W 1=W 2$ | $W 3=W 4$ | $W 5=W 8$ | $W 6$ | $W 7$ | $W 9=W 10$ | $W 11=W 12$ | $P_{\text {diss }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

