

## ECE 3050 Analog Electronics Quiz 9

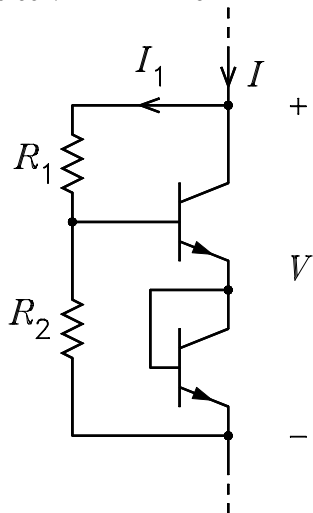
March 11, 2009

Professor Leach

Name \_\_\_\_\_

**Instructions.** Print your name in the space above. **Honor Code:** *I have neither given nor received help on this quiz.* Initials \_\_\_\_\_

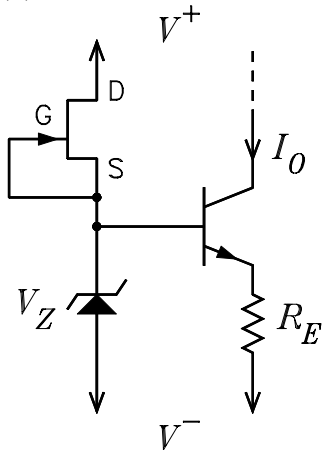
1. A  $V_{BE}$  multiplier circuit is shown. One of the BJT's is connected as a diode. If  $\beta = \infty$  and  $V_{BE} = 0.65\text{ V}$  for each BJT and  $I = 3\text{ mA}$ , solve for  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  for  $V = 3.5\text{ V}$  and  $I_1 = 0.85I$ .



$$V_{BE} := 0.65 \quad I := 0.003 \quad V := 3.5 \quad I_1 := 0.85I$$

$$R_1 := \frac{2 \cdot V_{BE}}{I_1} \quad R_1 = 5.098 \cdot 10^2 \quad R_2 := \frac{V - 2 \cdot V_{BE}}{I_1} \quad R_2 = 8.627 \cdot 10^2$$

2. A current source is shown. For the JFET,  $I_D = \beta_{FET} (V_{GS} - V_{TO})^2$ , where  $\beta_{FET} = 0.3\text{ mA/V}^2$  and  $V_{TO} = -4\text{ V}$ . For the Zener diode,  $V_Z = 4.7\text{ V}$ . For the BJT,  $\beta_{BJT} = 99$  and  $V_{BE} = 0.65\text{ V}$ .
- (a) Solve for the current through the Zener diode if  $I_O = 2\text{ mA}$ .
- (b) Solve for the value of  $R_E$  for  $I_O = 2\text{ mA}$ .



$$\beta_{\text{FET}} := 0.0003 \quad V_{\text{TO}} := -4 \quad V_Z := 4.7 \quad \beta_{\text{BJT}} := 99 \quad V_{\text{BE}} := 0.65 \quad I_{\text{O}} := 0.002$$

$$\alpha_{\text{BJT}} := \frac{\beta_{\text{BJT}}}{1 + \beta_{\text{BJT}}} \quad I_Z := \beta_{\text{FET}} V_{\text{TO}}^2 - \frac{I_{\text{O}}}{\beta_{\text{BJT}}} \quad I_Z = 4.78 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$R_E := \frac{V_Z - V_{\text{BE}}}{\frac{I_{\text{O}}}{\alpha_{\text{BJT}}}} \quad R_E = 2.005 \cdot 10^3$$